by the Government was 666 in 1990, 950 in 1991 and 1242 *in* 1992 (up to October).

(c) Foreign exchange is earned through the exports of goods as well as services and from transfers and remittances; it is not possible to isolate die contribution of multinationals to these earnings in various forms However, 289 propo sals for foreign investment by multina tionals, other foreign investors and Non-Resident Indians were approved in 1991, and 538 in 1992 (up to October); the amount of foreign equity participation involved was Rs. 530 crore in 1991 and Rs. 3260 crore in 1992 (up to Octo ber).

(d) The benefits of the new policies introduced by the Government are mani festo in the decline in the rate of infla tion which, from a peak of 16.7 per cent in August 1991 was down to 8.7 per cent as on 5 December 1992, and in the improvement in the balance of pay ments reflected in the rise in foreign ex change reserves from US $1.1 billion in August 1991 to US S5.2 billion as on 6 December 1992. Industrial production, which was declining last year, has gone up by 2.1 per cent during April-July 1992; and exports, which declined last year, have gone up by about 6.1 per cent in dollar terms in April-October 1992. The benefits of these policies need to be judged in broader terms than in ths effect they have on multinationals.

Excise duty structure on cigarettes

*414. SHRI J. S. RAJU; Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report in the 'Nav Bharat Times' of the 13th July, 1992 alleging huge loss of central excise revenue in respect of cigarettes due to the present pattern of specific rate of duty as against ad-valorem duty which has *de*-suited in huge relief to cigarette industry by way of sizeable reduction in the incidence of doty without the approval of the. Parliament in respect of cigarettes of premium category; ,.:

(b) whether it is a fact that as a result of the change over, to the specific rate of central excise duty, while the sales of cigarettes have fallen there has been a steep increase in profits over the last four years; and

(c) if so, what are the details of the steps taken or being taken by Govt. by this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI RA-MESHWAR THAKUR): (a; to (c) Go-vernment's attention has been drawn to the report in 'Nav Bharat Times- of the 13th July, 1992. It is not however, a fact that either total volume of clearance of cigarettes or central excise revenue has fallen as a result of the present system of levy. Specific duty based on the length of the cigarettes was introduced in the annual budget for 1987-88 and duly approved by Parliament. Subsequent changes in the rates were also effected through the Budget. No relief as such has been given to the cigarette industry. The rates, in general, have in fact gone up. The industry is free to change their product-mix as also to alter the length of cigarettes including that of the premium brands. As for the profits of the industry, they are not directly relatable to central excise duties.

हिमाचल प्रदेश में पर्यटन-स्थलों के लिए राज-सहायता प्राप्त उड़ानें

415. श्री महेश्वर सिंह : क्या नागर विमानन और पर्यटन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि पर्यटन को बढ़ावा देने की दृष्टि से पूर्वोत्तर राज्यों के लिये वायुदूत की कुछ राज सहायता प्राप्त उड़ानें चलायी जा रही हैं ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्य, जो कि पर्यटन की दृष्टि से अत्यन्त रमणीय है, के लिये राज-सहायता प्राप्त ऐसी उड़ानें न चलाये जाने के क्या कारण हैं ; और